



asexual

no male or female cells
genetic material is copied through cell division
occurs through spore formation
in plants often through cloning

reproduction in plants

sexual

male and female cells join to form a fertilised egg
in flowering plants the fertilised egg develops into an embryo of a seed
the seed develops to then grow into another plant

KEY VOCABULARY

reproduction

process of copying or making a copy, in animals
reproduction **creates offspring**

asexual reproduction

form of reproduction where **offspring come from one living organism**

sexual reproduction

production of new organisms by **combining of genetic information** from a male and female cells

germinate

stage where a living thing starts to **sprout, grow and develop**

pollination

process when pollen moves from the male part of a flower (anther) to the female part of a flower (stigma)

fertilisation

male and female **gametes join to make a new organism**

foetus

unborn o spring

gestation

the **period of development** before birth

type of fertilisation

external

fertilisation takes place outside the body,
e.g., fish, amphibians and some insects

Internal

fertilisation takes place inside the body,
e. g., mammals including humans